

Chapter 20

Becoming a World Power





What do you think?

American interests end at the nation's borders.

Strongly Disagree Strongly Agree

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Why an American Empire?

- The closing of the frontier
- Economics
- Religious and moral reasons
- Geopolitics

Manifest Destiny and the End of the Frontier

- Historian Frederick Jackson Turner: U.S. would expand due to closing of frontier in the west
- Manifest destiny meant that many Americans felt it natural to continue to explore and conquer overseas

Financial Reasons

 American business leaders wanted access to overseas markets and materials

Religious and Moral Reasons

- American Protestant missionaries sought to bring salvation to the "uncivilized" peoples of the world
- "The White Man's Burden" demonstrated a racist worldview



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Geopolitical Reasons

 Many Americans feared that the United States, by remaining isolated from the land grabbing, would lose access to world markets and geopolitical power

Beginnings

- Pacific
- Latin America

Pacific Acquisitions

- Asia
- Samoa
- Alaska
- Hawai' i



Topham/The Image Works



Photo Source Hawaii/Alamy

Latin America

Venezuela Crisis

The Naval Buildup

- Mahan
- Buildup



Naval Parade, held in honor of Commander George Dewey (1837–1917) 1898 (oil on canvas), Pansing, Fred (1854–1912)/. Museum of the City of New York, USA/The Bridgeman Art Library

The Spanish-American War

- Yellow Journalism
- Teller Amendment



War on Two Fronts

- The Philippines
- Filipino Independence?
- Cuba
- San Juan Hill
- Spanish Surrender



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Why Become an Empire? Anti-Imperialism at Home

- Annex the Philippines?
- The Anti-Imperialist League
- The Election of 1900

Anti-Americanism Abroad

- Filipino Resistance
- Cuban Resentment
- Humanitarian Assistance



Wisconsin Historical Society, WHI-3916, Collection 2714



- The United States had three major goals:
 - open trade with China
 - build the Panama Canal
 - police Latin America to protect American interests

Trade with China

Forcing the Open Door

The Panama Canal

- Panamanian Revolt
- Building the Canal



J.A. Bruce/Corbis

Policing Latin America

- Instability as an American Problem
- Mexico

© Cengage Learning 2014 Alaska: RUSSIA Purchased from Russia, 1867 CANADA Beijing: U.S. troops help suppress Boxer Rebellion, 1900 ATLANTIC OCEAN UNITED STATES Beijing KOREA JAPAN Hawai'i: CHINA Tokyo Overthrow of Cuba: monarchy, 1893; annexed, 1898 War with Spain, 1898; Shanghai U.S. protectorate, 1902 Hong Kong (Gr. Br.) Midway 1867 Philippines: Tropic of Cancer Acquired from Spain, 1898 Puerto Rico: Wake I. 1899 Acquired from Johnston Atoll 1898 Spain, 1898 Guam: **M** Kauai Oahu Niihau 🧪 Acquired from Kingman Reef 1858 Spain, 1898 Molokai Palmyra Atoll Howland I. 1857 Lanai 1898 Kahoolawe Jarvis I. 1857 Bay Baker I. Oahu Hawai'i Boundary dispute between Venezuela **H**onolulu PACIFIC OCEAN Diamond Head and British Guiana, **HAWAIIAN ISLANDS** 1895-1896 SOUTH Tropic of Capricorn **AMERICA** AUSTRALIA Potential naval conflict, 1889; divided between Germany and United States, 1899 Dispute over U.S. sailors attacked in Chile, 1891 1,000 / 2,000 Km. Ó 1,000 2,000 Mi. 120°E 150°W 120°W

America as a World Power

- Isolationists
- Realists
- Idealists

World War I

- Lasted from 1914 to 1918
- More than 10 million soldiers and civilians deaths worldwide
- United States entered the war in 1917

The Reasons

- Economic Competition
- Alliances
- The Spark

The European War

 For four years, the Allied and Central Powers battled each other on "the Western Front"



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- Compromised Neutrality
- Neutral Trading?





Declaring War

- The Zimmerman Note
- Declaration of War
- A Mixed Reaction
- Forming Public Opinion
- Hyphenated Americans
- Wartime Repression



Library of Congress, Prints & Photographs Division, LC-USZC4-1127



- The American Army in Battle
- The Fourteen Points

Making Peace

- Armistice
- Debating Peace
- The Treaty of Versailles
- Wilson's Folly
- A Weakened League



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What else was happening	
1899	The Second Boer War in southern Africa between Great Britain and a handful of small African nations leads to the conversion of several small African republics into parts of the British Empire.
1904	Russo-Japanese War breaks out because of each nation's imperial ambitions over Manchuria and Korea.
April 15, 1912	The <i>Titanic</i> sinks.
1914	First passenger meal is served on an airplane in flight.
1923	Frank Epperson invents the popsicle when he leaves his lemonade mix on a windowsill overnight.