Writing With Style APA Style Made Easy Lenore T. Szuchman

Chapter 10 Grooming Tips for Psychology Papers

### **PARALLEL CONSTRUCTION**

### Items in a series

#### Nouns

Adjectival phrases

Verb phrases

Participants read vignettes, labels, and lists.

Participants read crazy vignettes, crooked labels, and long lists.

Participants read a story, ate a burrito, and fed a goat.

## Verb forms

#### Active/passive

Participants ate and opened presents.Participants were offered food and were showered with gifts.

While sitting and waiting, participants were eating and opening presents.

#### Gerund

#### COMPARISONS

## Be clear about what goes with what

- Always use THAN
  - Some were older than others.
  - Some scored higher than others on the measure.
  - Some did better on the posttest than on the pretest.
  - Some did better on the pretest than others did on the pretest.

#### AGREEMENT

## Between subject and verb

Find the simple subject when it is buried in a lot of extra words and make a decision about singular or plural.

The **objectives** of the study, which was the first of its kind and kind of crazy, **were** written on the door of the room.

## Between pronoun and referent

• He or she

- Singular
  - Cannot change to **they** later in the sentence

• One

 Has to stay that way all through the sentence

#### **SENTENCE ERRORS**

# Run-on/comma splice

- Two sentences joined with a comma
- Two sentences joined with a conjunctive adverb, most commonly
  - Also
  - However
  - Therefore

## How to avoid it

- Use a period instead of a comma.
- Use a semi-colon instead of a comma.
- Use a coordinating conjunction:

and	or
but	SO
for	yet
nor	whereas (this is a great one)

### PUNCTUATION

# Colons to introduce lists

- Use a comma instead of colon after for example namely
   for instance that is
- Use a colon after as follows the following
- Use no punctuation for
  such as
  the verb to be

# Comma before AND

- Yes, before the last item on a list of three or more
- Yes, when the AND joins 2 independent clauses
- No, when the AND just joins
  2 items like a compound subject or verb

- Bananas, apples, and strawberries
- He ate bananas, and she ate apples.
- The man with the fur coat and the woman with the red hat ate green apples and rotten strawberries.